

Rural Delivery Operations – Mail Count and Timekeeping Processes

Report Number DR-AR-14-001

BACKGROUND:

U.S. Postal Service Rural Delivery
Operations has about 112,000 rural
letter carriers and associates delivering
mail on 72,407 routes. Salaries and
benefits total over \$6 billion annually for
these employees. Per the National Rural
Letter Carriers' Association's National
Labor Agreement, the mail count
establishes compensation and
workhours for carriers on rural routes.
The mail count includes physically
counting and recording the number and
types of mailpieces by route.

In the fiscal year 2013 mail count, management and carriers agreed to count 32,248 (44 percent) rural routes. Some routes, such as vacant regular routes, auxiliary routes, and routes assigned a right-hand drive vehicle, were mandated for the mail count.

Carriers manually record their workhours on timecards daily and supervisors manually input carrier route time into a spreadsheet and into the Time and Attendance Collection System.

Our objectives were to assess the rural delivery mail count and timekeeping processes.

WHAT THE OIG FOUND:

The rural mail count process is generally effective. Management followed policies

and procedures and the National Labor Agreement to ensure rural mail count results are collected, validated, and recorded accurately.

The rural timekeeping process is generally effective to ensure that carriers are paid, but is inefficient. The process has redundant input and potential for errors and is not always performed daily. The manual timekeeping process exists due to a lack of both funding and previous senior management support for design and implementation of a new automated system. The Postal Service plans to pilot a new web-based rural timekeeping system to partially automate the process by directly uploading carriers' workhours into the Time and Attendance Collection System at the end of each pay period. Fully automating the rural timekeeping process would improve operational oversight and supervisor productivity and save about \$18.8 million annually.

WHAT THE OIG RECOMMENDED:

We recommended the vice president, Delivery and Post Office Operations, in coordination with the vice president, Controller, develop a strategy to fully automate the rural timekeeping process.